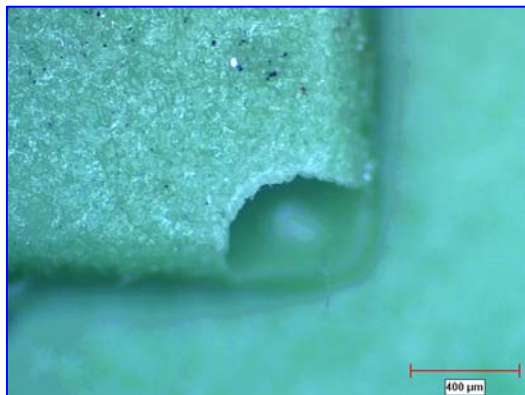
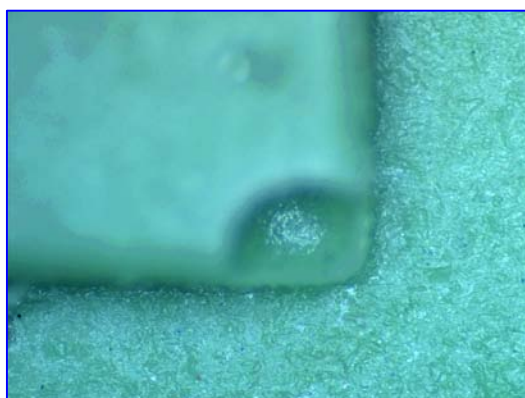


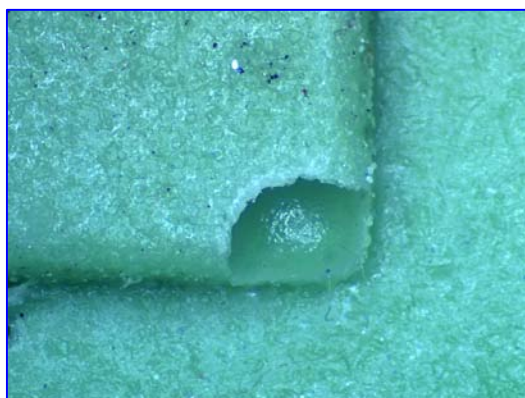
## REPLICA ANALYSIS



**Figure 1:** Top view of the flaw replica at 50x. Calibration factor = 2.55  $\mu\text{m}/\text{pixel}$ .



**Figure 2:** Bottom view of the flaw replica. The focus is on the tube replica.



**Figure 3:** Multi-layer grabbed image using 30 layers at 50x.

### Conclusion

The measurements and the multi-layer grabs can be performed as requested.

### Sample Description

Two samples of rubber replica material on aluminum backing plates are submitted for analysis. Replica is from inside tubing with defects.

### Purpose of Analysis

The purpose of this analysis is to demonstrate the ability of the Clemex Vision image analyzer to perform multi-layer grabs to see all features of the flaw in focus. It also has to demonstrate that Clemex Vision can measure the flaw depth (flaw replica height).

### Apparatus

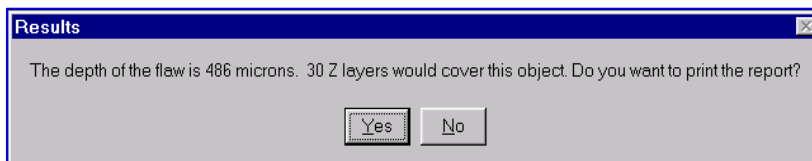
- Image Analysis System:* Clemex ImPak V3.0
- Microscope:* Nikon Optiphot 150 dark field illumination
- Objective:* Nikon 5x (50x Mag, for 2.55  $\mu\text{m}/\text{pixel}$ )
- Motorized Stage:* Marzhauser EK8B-S1, autofocus drive
- Stage Controller:* Clemex ST 100
- Z Calibration:* 0.09058  $\mu\text{m}$  / z motor step
- Camera:* Sony DXC 950P (3CCD)

### Procedures

The user focuses on top of the flaw replica and starts the routine. The system measures the current z position and asks the user to focus on the bottom part of the replica before measuring this new z position. Data are exported to an Excel sheet and Excel automatically calculates the difference between both positions. At the same time, it evaluates the ideal quantity of layers to use for a multi-layer grab on this specific feature. The multi-layer grab instruction is then used to capture an image of the flaw replica with all features in focus.

### Results

Sample	Height
1	486 microns



**Figure 4:** Message box prompted after Z evaluation analysis.